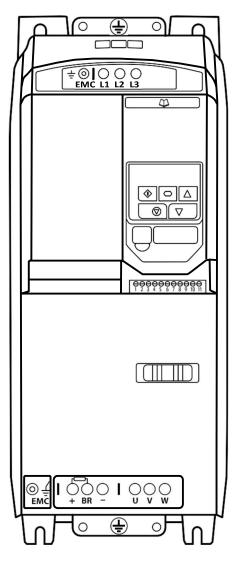
# AC Variable Speed Drive

**IP20** 

0.37kW-37kW / 0.5HP-50HP 110-480V Single and 3 Phase Input





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#### **General Information**

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with all relevant legislation and codes of practice which apply in the country of use.

## **CE Marking**

All Cairox Drives products intended for use within the European Union carry the CE mark to indicate compliance with European Directives.

A declaration of conformity is available from the website, www.cairox.com

For compliance with the European EMC Directive, the necessary guidance is provided within this document and it is the responsibility of the installer to ensure this guidance is followed to ensure compliance.

## **UL Conformity**

A list of currently listed products is available from the UL website, www.ul.com.

For compliance with UL requirements, the necessary guidance is provided within this document and it is the responsibility of the installer to ensure this guidance is followed to ensure compliance.

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## 2 Year Warranty

All Cairox Frequency inverter units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

## This User Guide is for use with version 3.11 Firmware

#### **User Guide Revision 1.03**

Cairox adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessels) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Cairox cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the noncompliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This Frequency inverter contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

## 1. Quick Start Up

## 1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Frequency inverter) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Frequency inverter uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention

is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Frequency inverter, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Frequency inverter. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Frequency inverter disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Frequency inverter before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after

disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections. The earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the Frequency inverter control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present.

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Frequency inverter can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

Frequency inverters are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Frequency inverter as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W.

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

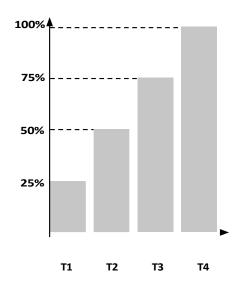
Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Frequency inverter. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Cairox Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

## 1.2. Quick Start Process

Step	Action	See section	Page
1	Identify the Enclosure Type, Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular - Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply - Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor	2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number	7
2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	9.1. Environmental	36
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units) ensuring suitable cooling air is available.	3.1. General 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units 3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting	9 9
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes	9.2. Rating Tables	36
6	If the supply type is IT or corner grounded, disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect	38
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		
8	Route the cables.		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.9. EMC Compliant Installation	15
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable.	4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections	13
11	Ensure wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line.	4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection 9.2. Rating Tables	12 36
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made.	<ul><li>41. Connection Diagram</li><li>42 Protective Earth (PE) Connection</li><li>4.3. Incoming Power Connection</li><li>4.4. Motor Connection</li></ul>	11 11 12 12
13	Connect the control cables as required for the application.	<ul><li>4.6. Control Terminal Wiring</li><li>4.9. EMC Compliant Installation</li><li>7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations</li><li>7.2. Example Connection Diagrams</li></ul>	13 15 27 27
14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring.		
15	Commission the drive parameters.	<ul><li>5.1. Managing the Keypad</li><li>6. Parameters</li></ul>	16 18

## 1.3. Installation Following a Period of Storage

Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.

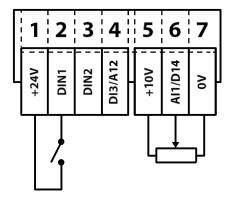


Storage Period /Power-OFF Period	Initial Input Voltage Level	Time Period T1	Secondary Input Voltage Level	Time Period T2	Third Input Voltage Level	Time Period T3	Final Input Voltage Level	Time Period T4
Up to 1 Year	100%				N/A			
1 – 2 Years	100%	1 Hour	N/A					
2-3 Years	25%	30 Minutes	50%	30 Minutes	75%	30 Minutes	100%	30 Minutes
More than 3 Years	25%	2 Hours	50%	2 Hours	75%	2 Hours	100%	2 Hours

#### 1.4. Quick Start Overview

#### Quick Start - IP20

- Connect a Start / Stop switch between control terminals 1 & 2
  - o Close the Switch to Start
  - o Open to Stop
- Connect a potentiometer (5k 10kΩ) between terminals 5, 6 and 7 as shown
  - o Adjust the potentiometer to vary the speed from P-02 (0Hz default) to P-01 (50 / 60 Hz default)

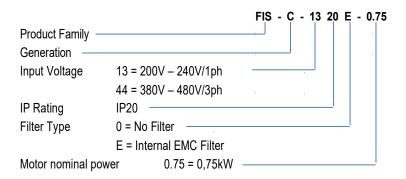


# 2. General Information and Ratings

This chapter contains information about the Frequency inverter E3 including how to identify the drive.

## 2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.



## 2.2. Drive Model Numbers

200 – 240V ± 10% - 1 Phase Input – 3 Phase Output								
Model	Model Number			Output Current	Frame Size			
With Filter	Without Filter	kW	HP	(A)	Frame Size			
FIS-C-1320E-0.37	N/A	0.37	0.5	2.3	1			
FIS-C-1320E-0.75	N/A	0.75	1	4.3	1			
FIS-C-1320E-1.5	N/A	1.5	2	7	1			
FIS-C-1320E-2.2	N/A	2.2	3	10.5	2			
FIS-C-1320E-4.0	N/A	4.0	5	15.3	3			

380 - 480V ± 10% - 3 Phase Input - 3 Phase Output								
Model I	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size			
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV	ПР	(A)	Frame Size			
FIS-C-4420E-0.37	N/A	0.37	0.5	1.2	1			
FIS-C-4420E-0.75	N/A	0.75	1	2.2	1			
FIS-C-4420E-1.5	N/A	1.5	2	4.1	1			
FIS-C-4420E-2.2	N/A	2.2	3	5.8	2			
FIS-C-4420E-4.0	N/A	4	5	9.5	2			
FIS-C-4420E-5.5	N/A	5.5	7.5	14	3			
FIS-C-4420E-7.5	N/A	7.5	10	18	3			
FIS-C-4420E-11	N/A	11	15	24	3			
FIS-C-4420E-15	N/A	15	20	30	4			
FIS-C-4420E-18.5	N/A	18.5	25	39	4			
FIS-C-4420E-22	N/A	22	30	46	4			
FIS-C-4420E-30	N/A	30	40	61	5			
FIS-C-4420E-37	N/A	37	50	72	5			

# 3. Mechanical Installation

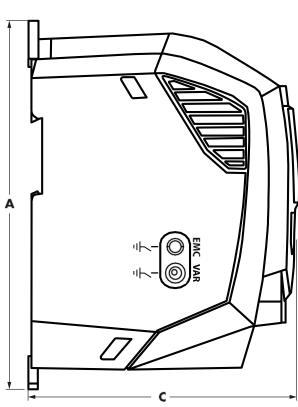
#### 3.1. General

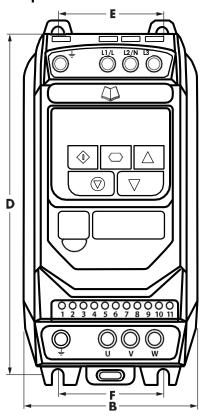
- The Frequency inverter should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Sizes 1 and 2 only).
- IP20 Frequency inverters are designed to be installed in suitable enclosures to protect them from the environment.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Frequency inverter.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Frequency inverter given in section 9.1. Environmental on page 36.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Frequency inverter.

## 3.2. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance on page 37 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

## 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting - IP20 Open Units





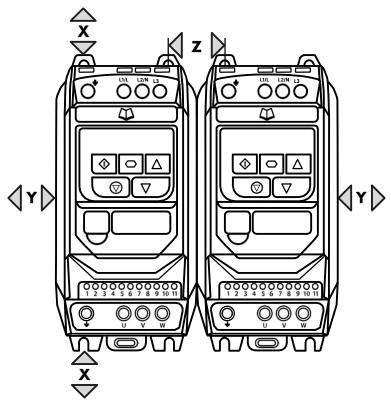
Drive	Α		А		E	3		С		D		=		F	We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	Ib		
1	173	6.81	83	3.27	123	4.84	162	6.38	50	1.97	50	1.97	1.0	2.2		
2	221	8.70	110	4.33	150	5.91	209	8.23	63	2.48	63	2.48	1.7	3.8		
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	175	6.89	247	9.72	80	3.15	80	3.15	3.2	7.1		
4	420	16.54	171	6.73	212	8.35	400	15.75	125	4.92	125	4.92	9.1	20.1		
5	486	19.13	222	8.74	226	8.89	463	18.22	175	6.88	175	6.88	18.1	39.9		

Mounting Bolts						
Frame Size	Metric	UNF				
1-3	4 x M5	#8				
4	4 x M8	#8				
5	4 x M8	#8				

Tightening Torques							
	Frame Size	d Torque	Terminal Type				
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in	Rising Clamp			
	1-3	0.8 Nm	7 lb-in	Screw Clamp			
Power Terminals	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in	Rising Clamp			
	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in	Rising Clamp			

## 3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting

- IP20 drives are are designed to be installed in suitable enclosures to protect them from the environment.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Frequency inverter against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.
- The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Cairox Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



Drive Size	X Above & Below		Y Either Side		: Betv	Z veen	Recommended airflow	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	CFM (ft3/min)	
1	50	1.97	50	1.97	33	1.30	11	
2	75	2.95	50	1.97	46	1.81	22	
3	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	60	
4	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	120	
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	104	

NOTE

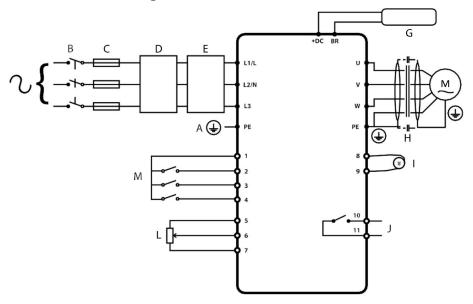
Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

# 4. Power & Control Wiring

## 4.1. Connection Diagram



	Key	Sec.	Page
Α	Protective Earth (PE) Connection	4.2	11
B C	Incoming Power Connection	4.3	12
С	Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	4.3.2	12
D	Optional Input Choke	4.3.3	12
E	Optional External EMC Filter	4.10	15
F	Internal Disconnect / Isolator	4.3	12
G	Optional Brake Resistor	4.10	15
Н	Motor Connection		
	Analog Output	4.7.1	13
J	Auxiliary Relay Output	4.7.2	14
L	Analog Inputs	4.7.3	14
М	Digital Inputs	4.7.4	14

#### 4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

#### **Grounding Guidelines**

The ground terminal of each Frequency inverter should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). Frequency inverter ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

#### **Protective Earth Conductor**

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

## **Safety Ground**

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

#### **Motor Ground**

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

#### **Ground Fault Monitoring**

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Frequency inverter is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each Frequency inverter.

#### **Shield Termination (Cable Screen)**

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

## 4.3. Incoming Power Connection

#### 4.3.1. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase supply, the mains power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.9. EMC Compliant Installation on page 15.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Frequency inverter and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe, EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions are given in section 9.2. Rating Tables on page 36.

#### 4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 9.2. Rating Tables. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Frequency inverter Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.

#### 4.3.3. Optional Input Choke

- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:
  - o The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.
  - o The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
  - o An imbalance exists on the supply (3 phase drives).
  - o The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults. Part numbers are shown in the table.

Supply	Frame Size	AC Input Inductor
000 1/ #	1	OPT-2-L1016-20
230 Volt 1 Phase	2	OPT-2-L1025-20
TTHUSE	3	N/A
	1	OPT-2-L3006-20
400 Volt	2	OPT-2-L3010-20
3 Phase	3	OPT-2-L3036-20
	4	OPT-2-L3050-20
	5	OPT-2-L3090-20

#### 4.4. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Frequency inverter U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the Frequency inverter earth terminals.
- Maximum permitted motor cable length for all models: 100 metres shielded, 150 metres unshielded.
- Where multiple motors are connected to a single drive using parallel cables, an output choke must be installed.

#### 4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400	Delta	
400	400 / 690	Δ	U V W
400	230 / 400	Star 人	

## 4.6. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm2 / 30 12 AWG.

## 4.7. Control Terminal Connections

<b>Default Connections</b>	<b>Control Terminal</b>	Signal	Description
			+24Vdc user output, 100mA.
. 2	1	+24Vdc User Output	Do not connect an external voltage source to this terminal.
	2	Digital Input 1	Positive logic
	3	Digital Input 2	"Logic 1" input voltage range: 8V 30V DC "Logic 0" input voltage range: 0V 4V DC
<u></u>	4	Digital Input 3 /Analog Input 2	Digital: 8 to 30V Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA
	5	+10V User Output	+10V, 10mA, 1kΩ minimum
TT B	6	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA Digital: 8 to 30V
	7	0V	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 9
<u> </u>	8	Analog Output / Digital Output	Analog: 0 to 10V, Digital: 0 to 24V
	9	0V	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 7
	10	Auxiliary Relay Common	
<del></del>	11	Auxiliary Relay NO Contact	Contact 250Vac, 6A / 30Vdc, 5A Intended to drive resistive load.

#### 4.7.1. Analog Output

The analog output function may be configured using parameter P-25, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 20.

The output has two operating modes, dependent on the parameter selection:

- Analog Mode
  - o The output is a 0 10 volt DC signal, 20mA max load current.
- Digital Mode
  - o The output is 24 volt DC, 20mA max load current.

#### 4.7.2. Relay Output

The relay output function may be configured using parameter P-18, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 20.

#### 4.7.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as Digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P-16.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P-47.

These parameters are described more fully in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 20.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P-15. The function of these parameters and available options is described in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 27.

#### 4.7.4. Digital Inputs

Up to four digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P-12 and P-15, which are explained in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 27.

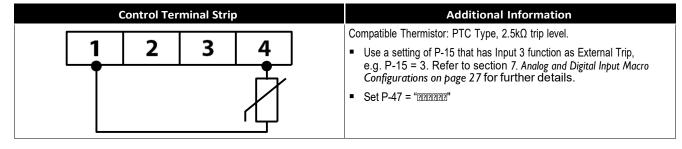
#### 4.8. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

#### 4.8.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

Frequency inverter E3 has internal motor overload protection / current limit set at 150% of FLA. This may be adjusted in parameter P-54. The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering >100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

## 4.8.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:



## 4.9. EMC Compliant Installation

Category	Supply Cable Type	Motor Cable Type	Control Cables	Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length
C16	Shielded <sup>1</sup>	Shielded <sup>1,5</sup>		1M / 5M <sup>7</sup>
C2	Shielded <sup>2</sup>	Shielded <sup>1, 5</sup>	Shielded⁴	5M / 25M <sup>7</sup>
C3	Unshielded <sup>3</sup>	Shielded <sup>2</sup>		25M / 100M <sup>7</sup>

- A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible.
- <sup>6</sup> Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance.
- Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.

## 4.10. Optional Brake Resistor

Frequency inverter E3 Frame Size 2 and above units have a built in Brake Transistor. This allows an external resistor to be connected to the drive to provide improved braking torque in applications that require this.

The brake resistor should be connected to the "+" and "BR" terminals as shown.



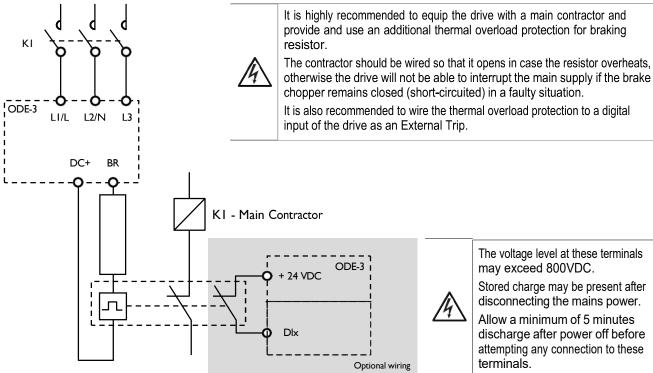
The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC.

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 10 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Suitable resistors and guidance on selection can be obtained from your Cairox Sales Partner.

#### **Dynamic Brake Transistor with Thermal Overload Protection**





provide and use an additional thermal overload protection for braking

chopper remains closed (short-circuited) in a faulty situation. It is also recommended to wire the thermal overload protection to a digital

> The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC.

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 5 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Thermal Overload / Brake Resistor with internal Over Temperature switch

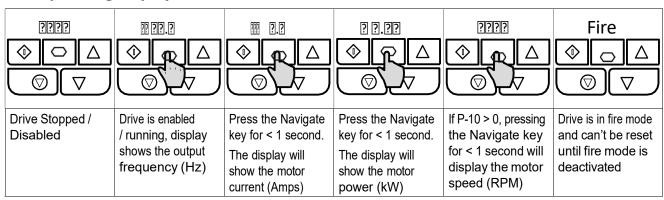
# 5. Operation

## 5.1. Managing the Keypad

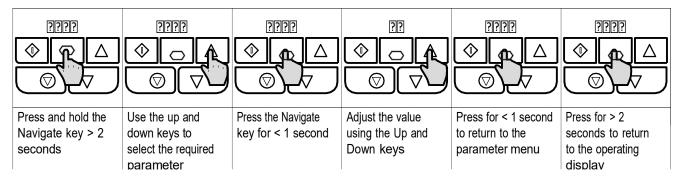
The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes.	
UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
RESET / STOP	Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.	
START	When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad mode is enabled.	

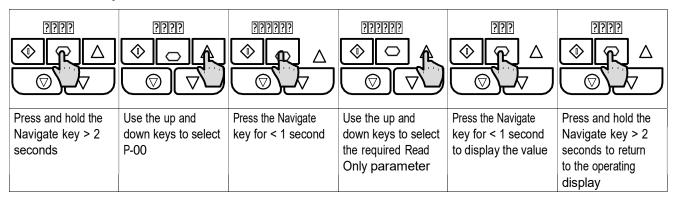
## 5.2. Operating Displays



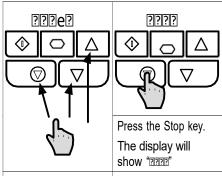
## 5.3. Changing Parameters



## 5.4. Read Only Parameter Access



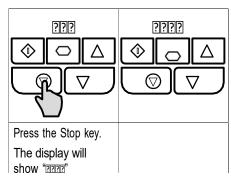
## 5.5. Resetting Parameters



To reset parameter values to their factory default settings, press and hold Up, Down and Stop buttons for > 2 seconds.

The display will show "????e?"

## 5.6. Resetting a Fault



## 5.7. LED Display

Frequency inverter E3 has a built-in 6 Digit 7 Segment LED Display. In order to display certain warnings, the following methods are used:

## 5.7.1 LED Display Layout

?.?.?.?.?.?.



#### 5.7.2 LED Display Meanings

LED Segments	Behaviour	Meaning
a, b, c, d, e, f	Flashing all together	Overload, motor output current exceeds P-08
a and f	Flashing alternately	Mains Loss (Incoming AC power has been removed)
а	Flashing	Fire Mode Active

# 6. Parameters

## **6.1. Standard Parameters**

Par.	Description	on		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-01	Maximu	m Frequency / Speed Limit		P-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / RPIV
	Maximum o	output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or F	RPM. If P-10 >	0, the value ent	ered / displayed	d is in RPM.	
P-02	Minimun	n Frequency / Speed Limit	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM	
	Minimum s	peed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, the value e	ntered / displa	ayed is in RPM.			
P-03	Acceleration Ramp Time			0.00	600.0	5.0	s
	Acceleration	Acceleration ramp time from zero Hz / RPM to base frequency (P-09) in					
P-04	Deceleration Ramp Time			0.00	600.0	5.0	s
	Deceleratio	n ramp time from base frequency (P-09) to stand	dstill in second	s. When set to 0	0.00, the value o	f P-24 is used.	
P-05		Mode / Mains Loss Response		0	4	0	_
		stopping mode of the drive, and the behaviour in	response to a	loss of mains p	ower supply duri	ng operation.	
	Setting	On Disable	On Main	is Loss			
	0	Ramp to Stop (P-04)	Ride Throu	ıgh (Recover en	ergy from load to	o maintain opera	ation)
	1	Coast	Coast				
	2	Ramp to Stop (P-04)	Fast Ramp	to Stop (P-24),	Coast if P-24 =	0	
	3	Ramp to Stop (P-04) with AC Flux Braking	Fast Ramp	to Stop (P-24),	Coast if P-24 =	0	
	4	Ramp to Stop (P-04)	No action	n			
P-06	Energy Optimiser			0	3	0	_
P-06	Motor Energy with light load	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive interest.	e, sudden step ternal heat los:	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing ef	extended time p or for PI control	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in	
P-06	Motor Energy with light loss Frequency in the motor	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct	e, sudden step ternal heat loss ion is suited to	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et Fan, Pump and	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor ap	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in	
P-U6	Motor Energy with light lost Frequency in the motor	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct	e, sudden step ternal heat loss ion is suited to Optidriv	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing ef	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor ap	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in	
P-U6	Motor Energy with light load Frequency in the motor Setting	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct  Motor Energy Optimisation  Disabled	e, sudden step ternal heat loss ion is suited to  Optidriv Disabled	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et Fan, Pump and	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor ap	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in	
P-U6	Motor Energy with light lost Frequency in the motor Setting 0	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct  Motor Energy Optimisation  Disabled  Enabled	e, sudden step ternal heat loss ion is suited to Optidriv	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et Fan, Pump and	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor ap	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in	
P-U6	Motor Energy with light load Frequency in the motor Setting	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct  Motor Energy Optimisation  Disabled	e, sudden step ternal heat loss ion is suited to  Optidriv  Disabled  Disabled	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et Fan, Pump and	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor ap	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in	
P-07	Motor Energy with light loss Frequency in the motor Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor Ra	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct  Motor Energy Optimisation  Disabled  Enabled  Disabled	e, sudden step ternal heat loss ion is suited to  Optidriv  Disabled  Disabled  Enabled  Enabled	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et Fan, Pump and	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor ap	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in	
	Motor Energy with light lost Frequency in the motor Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor RaBLDC)	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct    Motor Energy Optimisation	e, sudden step ternal heat loss ion is suited to  Optidriv Disabled Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled ed (PM /	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et Fan, Pump and the Energy Op	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor applications. Compressor applications 250 / 500 notor (Volts).	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in plications.	some vibration
P-07	Motor Energy with light loss Frequency in the motor Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor RaBLDC)  For Inductic For Perma	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct  Motor Energy Optimisation  Disabled  Enabled  Disabled  Enabled  Enabled  Area Voltage / Back EMF at rated special and motors, this parameter should be set to the rate ment Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should	e, sudden step ternal heat loss ion is suited to  Optidriv Disabled Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled ed (PM /	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et Fan, Pump and e Energy Op	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor applications. Compressor applications are completed in the compressor application and compressor applications. Compressor applications are compressor applications. Compressor applications are compressor applications. Compressor applications are compressor and compressor applications are compressor as a compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in plications.	some vibration
P-07	Motor Energy with light loss Frequency in the motor Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor RaBLDC) For Induction For Perma	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct    Motor Energy Optimisation	Optidriv Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et a Fan, Pump and the Energy Op  O  O  O  O  O  O  Drive	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor applications. Compressor applications 250 / 500 notor (Volts).	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in plications.	some vibration
P-07	Motor Energy with light loss Frequency in the motor Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor RaBLDC)  For Induction For Perma Motor RaThis parametrics	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct  Motor Energy Optimisation  Disabled  Enabled  Disabled  Enabled  Enabled  ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated speed on Motors, this parameter should be set to the rate ment Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should ated Current  eter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current	Optidriv Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et Fan, Pump and e Energy Op  O  o  o  o  o  b  o  changes in load ses increasing et Fan, Pump and e Energy Op  D  o  b  b  changes in load ses increasing et Fan, Pump and et Fan	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor app timisation  250 / 500  notor (Volts). ated speed.  Rating Depe	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in plications.	v
P-07	Motor Energy with light load Frequency in the motor Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor RaBLDC) For Induction For Perma Motor RaThis param	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct    Motor Energy Optimisation	Optidriv Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Disabled Enabled	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et a Fan, Pump and the Energy Op  O  O  O voltage of the name Back EMF at random Drive or.  10	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor applications. Compressor applications are completed in the compressor application and compressor applications. Compressor applications are compressor applications. Compressor applications are compressor applications. Compressor applications are compressor and compressor applications are compressor as a compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor and compressor and compressor are compressor and compressor are compressor and	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in plications.	some vibration
	Motor Energy with light loss Frequency in the motor Setting 0 1 2 3 Motor RaBLDC)  For Induction For Perma Motor RaThis param	gy Optimisation is intended for use in applications ad. It should not be used in applications with large inverter Energy Optimisation reduces the drive introducing light load operation. In general, this funct  Motor Energy Optimisation  Disabled  Enabled  Disabled  Enabled  Enabled  ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated speed on Motors, this parameter should be set to the rate ment Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should ated Current  eter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current	Optidriv Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Disabled Enabled	otor operates for changes in load ses increasing et a Fan, Pump and the Energy Op  O  O  O voltage of the name Back EMF at random Drive or.  10	extended time p or for PI control fficiency howeve Compressor app timisation  250 / 500  notor (Volts). ated speed.  Rating Depe	eriods at consta applications. r it may result in plications.	v

ar.	Description	n			Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
-11	Low Frequ	uency Torc	que Boost		0.0	Drive Dependent	Drive Dependent	%
	and increas	sed risk of tr	n be improved by increasing the ripping on Over Current or I in conjunction with P-51 (Mot	Notor Overload (ref	er to section			
	P-51	P-11						
	0	0 E	Boost is automatically calculate	ted according to auto	tune data.			
		>0 \	Voltage boost = P-11 x P-07.	This voltage is applie	ed at 0.0Hz, a	and linearly red	duced until P-09 /	2.
	1	All \	/oltage boost = P-11 x P-07.	This voltage is applie	ed at 0.0Hz, a	and linearly red	duced until P-09 /	2.
	2, 3, 4, 5	All E	Boost current level = 4*P-11*	P-08.				
	Frame Size Frame Size Frame Size	2: 50 – 60% 3: 40 – 50%	w. % of motor rated current. % of motor rated current. % of motor rated current. 45% of motor rated current.					
·12		Command			0	9	0	
			e drive responds directly to	nianala applied to th				
	an external	l remote Ke		controlled in the ic	rward direct	ion only using	g the internal ke	ypad, or
	2: Bi-direction or an extern 3: Modbus	onal Keypad al remote Ke Network Co	ypad. Control. The drive can be co eypad. Pressing the keypad S ntrol. Control via Modbus f	ontrolled in the forwa TART button toggles RTU (RS485) using	ard and reve between forw the internal	rse directions vard and rever Accel / Dece	u using the inte se. el ramps.	rnal keypa
	2: Bi-direction or an extern 3: Modbus 4: Modbus	onal Keypad al remote Ke Network Co Network Cor	ypad. <b>Control.</b> The drive can be co ypad. Pressing the keypad S	ontrolled in the forward TART button toggles RTU (RS485) using RTU (RS485) interfa	ard and reve between forw the internal	rse directions vard and rever Accel / Dece	u using the inte se. el ramps.	rnal keypa
	2: Bi-direction or an extern 3: Modbus 4: Modbus 5: PI Contro	onal Keypad al remote Ke Network Co Network Cor I. User PI co	ypad.  Control. The drive can be control. The drive can be control. Pressing the keypad Sontrol. Control via Modbus Fortrol. Control via Modbus Fortrol.	ontrolled in the forward TART button toggles RTU (RS485) using RTU (RS485) interfacts k signal.	ard and reve between forw the internal ace with Acc	rse directions vard and reven Accel / Dece rel / Decel rar	u using the inte se. el ramps. mps updated via	rnal keypa
	2: Bi-direction or an extern 3: Modbus 4: Modbus 5: PI Contro 6: PI Analog	onal Keypad al remote Ke Network Cor Network Cor I. User PI co 3 Summation	ypad.  Control. The drive can be control. The drive can be control. Pressing the keypad Sontrol. Control via Modbus Fontrol. Control via Modbus Fontrol with external feedbace	ontrolled in the forwa TART button toggles RTU (RS485) using RTU (RS485) interfa k signal. ternal feedback sig	ard and reve between forw the internal ace with Acc nal and sum	rse directions vard and reven Accel / Dece rel / Decel rar	u using the inte se. el ramps. mps updated via	rnal keypa
	2: Bi-direction or an extern 3: Modbus 4: Modbus 5: PI Contro 6: PI Analog 7: CAN Cont 8: CAN Cont	onal Keypad al remote Ke Network Con Network Con I. User PI con Summation trol. Control trol. Control	ypad.  Control. The drive can be control. The drive can be control. Pressing the keypad Sontrol. Control via Modbus Fontrol. Control via Modbus Fontrol with external feedbace Control. PI control with external via CAN (RS485) using the via CAN (RS485) interface	ontrolled in the forward TART button toggles RTU (RS485) using RTU (RS485) interfacts a signal.  Iternal feedback signer internal Accel / Decel	ard and reve between forw the internal ace with Acc nal and sum ecel ramps. ramps upda	rse directions vard and reverse Accel / Decel rarel / Decel rarel mation with a ted via CAN.	u using the inte se. el ramps. mps updated via analog input 1.	rnal keypa
	2: Bi-direction or an extern 3: Modbus 4: Modbus 5: PI Contro 6: PI Analog 7: CAN Cont 8: CAN Cont 9: Slave Mo	onal Keypad al remote Ke Network Cor Network Cor I. User Place Summation trol. Control trol. Control de. Control	ypad.  Control. The drive can be control. The drive can be control. Pressing the keypad Sontrol. Control via Modbus Fontrol. Control via Modbus Fontrol with external feedback Control. PI control with external to CAN (RS485) using the via CAN (RS485) interface via a connected Cairox drives.	ontrolled in the forward TART button toggles RTU (RS485) using RTU (RS485) interfacts a signal.  Iternal feedback signer internal Accel / Deceler in Master Mode. Signal.	ard and reve between forw the internal ace with Acc anal and sum ecel ramps. ramps upda ave drive ad	rse directions vard and reverse Accel / Decel rarel / Decel rarel mation with a ted via CAN.	u using the intese. el ramps. mps updated via analog input 1.	rnal keypa
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-13	2: Bi-direction or an extern 3: Modbus 4: Modbus 5: PI Contro 6: PI Analog 7: CAN Contro 8: CAN Contro 9: Slave Monote When Operating	onal Keypad al remote Ke Network Cor Network Cor I. User PI co S Summation trol. Control trol. Control de. Control P-12 = 1, 2,	ypad. Control. The drive can be control. The drive can be control. Pressing the keypad Sontrol. Control via Modbus Fontrol. Control via Modbus Fontrol with external feedback Control. PI control with external to CAN (RS485) using the via CAN (RS485) interface via a connected Cairox drives 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9, an enable signal.	ontrolled in the forward TART button toggles RTU (RS485) using RTU (RS485) interfacts to signal. The second of the	ard and reve between forw the internal ace with Acc nal and sum ecel ramps. ramps upda ave drive ad ided at the co	rse directions vard and reverse Accel / Decel rarel / Decel rarel mation with a ted via CAN. dress must be ontrol terminals	u using the intese. el ramps. mps updated via analog input 1. e > 1. s, digital input 1.	rnal keypa a Modbus.
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-13	2: Bi-direction or an extern or an extern 3: Modbus 4: Modbus 5: PI Contro 6: PI Analog 7: CAN Contro 9: Slave Monote When Operating Provides a quanto the table 0: Industrial 1: Pump Mod 2: Fan Mode Setting 0	onal Keypad al remote Ke Network Cor Network Cor I. User PI co S Summation trol. Control trol. Control de. Control de. Control v P-12 = 1, 2, 3 Mode Se uick set up to se I Mode. Intended Applicati	ypad.  Control. The drive can be control. The drive can be control. Pressing the keypad Sontrol. Control via Modbus Fontrol. Control via Modbus Fontrol with external feedbace Control. PI control with external feedbace Can Control. PI control with external feedbace Can Control. PI control with external feedbace via CAN (RS485) using the via CAN (RS485) interface via a connected Cairox drives 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9, an enable significant for general purpose and for centrifugal pump applifor Fan applications.  Current Limit (P-54)	ontrolled in the forward TART button toggles RTU (RS485) using RTU (RS485) interface k signal.  Iternal feedback signer internal Accel / Doceles in Master Mode. Signal must still be provestording to the intended applications.  Torque Characteristic Constant	ard and reverse between forward the internal acce with Accordanal and summercel ramps. In the control of the co	rse directions vard and reverse Accel / Decel rare amation with a ted via CAN. dress must be control terminals 2 of the drive. Part (P-33)	u using the intese. el ramps. mps updated via analog input 1. e > 1. s, digital input 1.  O rameters are presented.  Thermal Overlance 0: Trip O: Trip	rnal keypa  a Modbus.  talent in the control of the

Enables access to Extended and Advanced Parameter Groups. This parameter must be set to the value programmed in P-37 (default: 101) to view and adjust Extended Parameters and value of P-37 + 100 to view and adjust Advanced Parameters. The code may be changed by the user in P-37 if desired.

## **6.2. Extended Parameters**

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-15	Digital Input Function Select	0	19	0	-				
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mod Macro Configurations on page 27 for more information.	le setting in P-12	2. See section 7.	. Analog and Dig	ital Input				
P-16	Analog Input 1 Signal Format See Below U0-10 -								
	In 2020 = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minimum speed (P-02) if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal means the output frequency / speed will be the value set in P-01.								
	22 2222= Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The drive voltiection of rotation if the analog reference after scaling and offset are volt signal, set P-35 = 200.0%, P-39 = 50.0%.				from a 0 – 10				
	222 2222 = 0 to 20mA Signal.								
	2 2222 4 to 20mA Signal, the Frequency inverter will trip and show the			-	s below 3mA.				
	r 2022 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Frequency inverter will run at Preset Spec	ed 1 (P-20 if the	signal level falls	below 3mA.					
	2 2222 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Frequency inverter will trip and show the	fault code 2222F5	00ms after the s	signal level falls	below 3mA.				
	r 2022 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Frequency inverter will run at Preset Spec	ed 1 (P-20 if the	signal level falls l	below 3mA.					
	22 2222= 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Maximum scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%.	Frequency / Spe	eed if the analog	reference afte	er				
P-17	Maximum Effective Switching Frequency	4	32	8	kHz				
	Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is displain has been reduced to the level in P00-32 due to excessive drive heatsi		arameter is view	ed, the switchin	ng frequency				
P-18	Output Relay Function Select	0	12	1	-				
	Selects the function assigned to the relay output. The relay has two output therefore terminals 10 and 11 will be connected.	terminals, Logic	1 indicates the re	elay is active, a	nd				
	0: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the motor is enabled.								
	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and no fault exists.								
	<ul><li>1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and no</li><li>2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency</li></ul>		etpoint frequer	ncy.					
			etpoint frequer	ncy.					
	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency	/ matches the s							
	<ul><li>2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency</li><li>3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.</li></ul>	matches the s	stable limit set i	n P-19.					
	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency ex 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is be	matches the s ceeds the adjust the adjustable li elow the adjust	stable limit set i mit set in P-19. able limit set in	n P-19.					
	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency ex 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is b 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the	matches the s ceeds the adjust the adjustable li elow the adjust ne adjustable lin	stable limit set i imit set in P-19. able limit set in nit set in P-19.	n P-19. P-19.					
	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency ex 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is b 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below th 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog in	matches the sceeds the adjust the adjustable linelow the adjustable line adjustable line adjustable line adjustable the adjustable line adjustable the adjustable the adjustable the adjustable line adjustable the adju	stable limit set i imit set in P-19. able limit set in nit set in P-19.	n P-19. P-19.					
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	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency ex 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is b 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below th 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog in 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no to 10: Fire Mode Active. Logic 1 when Fire Mode is activated.	r matches the sceeds the adjustable line adjustable line adjustable line adjustable line adjustable strip present.	stable limit set i imit set in P-19. able limit set in nit set in P-19. ne adjustable lim	n P-19. P-19.  nit set in P-19. es not change					
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P-20 P-21 P-22	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency ex 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is b 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below th 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog in 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no telestical to the signal applied to analog in 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when Fire Mode is activated. 10: Fire Mode Active. Logic 1 when Fire Mode. As setting 4 howed is in Fire Mode. 11: Output Frequency > Limit and not Fire Mode. As setting 4 howed is in Fire Mode. 12: Fieldbus. Status is controlled by bit 8 of the fieldbus control word. In Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold used in conjunction with settings 4 to 7 of P-18 and Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 2  Preset Frequency / Speed 3  Preset Frequency / Speed 4  Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, th	r matches the second readjustable line adjustable line adjusta	stable limit set i mit set in P-19. able limit set in P-19. able limit set in P-19. all set	n P-19. P-19.  nit set in P-19. es not change 2.  100.0  5.0  25.0  40.0	e if the drive %  Hz / RPN  Hz / RPN  Hz / RPN				
P-20 P-21 P-22 P-23	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.  4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency ex 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is b 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below th 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog in 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no t 10: Fire Mode Active. Logic 1 when Fire Mode is activated.  11: Output Frequency > Limit and not Fire Mode. As setting 4 howe is in Fire Mode.  12: Fieldbus. Status is controlled by bit 8 of the fieldbus control word. I Relay Threshold Level  Adjustable threshold used in conjunction with settings 4 to 7 of P-18 and Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 3  Preset Frequency / Speed 4  Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as	r matches the sceeds the adjustable line adjus	stable limit set i mit set in P-19. able limit set in P-19. able limit set in P-19. all set	n P-19. P-19.  P-19.  it set in P-19.  es not change 2.  100.0  25.0  40.0  P-09	e if the drive %  Hz / RPN  Hz / RPN  Hz / RPN  Hz / RPN				
P-19 P-20 P-21 P-22 P-23	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency ex 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below th 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog in 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no the 10: Fire Mode Active. Logic 1 when Fire Mode is activated. 11: Output Frequency > Limit and not Fire Mode. As setting 4 howers in Fire Mode. 12: Fieldbus. Status is controlled by bit 8 of the fieldbus control word. Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold used in conjunction with settings 4 to 7 of P-18 and Preset Frequency / Speed 1  Preset Frequency / Speed 3  Preset Frequency / Speed 4  Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values	r matches the sceeds the adjustable line adjus	stable limit set i imit set in P-19. able limit set in P-19. able limit set in P-19. all se	P-19. P-19.  P-19.  it set in P-19.  es not change 2.  100.0  25.0  40.0  P-09	Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN				
P-20 P-21 P-22 P-23	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency ex 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is b 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below th 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog in 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no t 10: Fire Mode Active. Logic 1 when Fire Mode is activated. 11: Output Frequency > Limit and not Fire Mode. As setting 4 howed is in Fire Mode. 12: Fieldbus. Status is controlled by bit 8 of the fieldbus control word. I Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold used in conjunction with settings 4 to 7 of P-18 and Preset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 3 Preset Frequency / Speed 4 Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 is parameter allows a 2nd ramp time to be programmed into the drive 2nd Ramp Time (Fast Stop) This parameter allows a 2nd ramp time to be programmed into the drive 3 this ramp time is automatically selected in the case of a mains power 1 stop.	r matches the second readjustable line adjustable line adjusta	stable limit set i mit set in P-19. able limit set in P-19. able limit set in P-19. all set	P-19. P-19.  P-19.  it set in P-19.  es not change 2.  100.0  25.0  40.0  P-09	Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN Hz / RPN				
P-20 P-21 P-22 P-23	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency ex 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is b 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below th 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog in 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no t 10: Fire Mode Active. Logic 1 when Fire Mode is activated. 11: Output Frequency > Limit and not Fire Mode. As setting 4 howed is in Fire Mode. 12: Fieldbus. Status is controlled by bit 8 of the fieldbus control word. I Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold used in conjunction with settings 4 to 7 of P-18 and Preset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 3 Preset Frequency / Speed 4 Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the If P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, the values are entered and P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values are and P-09 and P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Control of P-09 will reset all values to factory definition from the Cont	r matches the sceeds the adjustable line adjus	stable limit set i mit set in P-19. able limit set in P-19. able limit set in P-19. all set	n P-19. P-19.  P-19.  it set in P-19.  es not change 2.  100.0  25.0  40.0  P-09  0.00  0.00, the drive	e if the drive  %  Hz / RPN  Hz / RPN  Hz / RPN  S  e will coast to				

P-25	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-25	Analog Output Function Select	0	12	8	-			
	Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC							
	0: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the Frequency inverter is enabled (Running).							
	Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive.     At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency matches the setpoint frequency.							
	<b>3: Drive Tripped.</b> Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition.	materies are c	otponit noquon	,.				
	4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency exc	ceeds the adjus	stable limit set i	n P-19.				
	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceeds t	-						
	6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency is be	•						
	7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below the	-						
	Analog Output Mode	o aajaotabio iiii						
	8: Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01, resolution 0.1H	l <del>z</del>						
	9: Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1A.	12.						
	<b>10: Output Power.</b> 0 – 200% of drive rated power.							
	<b>11: Load Current.</b> 0 – 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1A.							
	· ·							
	12: Fieldbus Digital. Status is controlled by PDO0 Bit 9.	4006						
	13: Fieldbus Analog. Analog output value set by PDO2 value, 0 – 4		_					
P-26	Skip Frequency Hysteresis Band	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM			
P-27	Skip Frequency Centre Point  The Skip Frequency function is used to avoid the Frequency inverter o	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM			
	frequency which causes mechanical resonance in a particular machine frequency band, and is used in conjunction with P-26. The Frequency in the rates set in P-03 and P-04 respectively, and will not hold any output reference applied to the drive is within the band, the Frequency inverte the band.	verter output fre frequency with r output frequer	quency will ramp in the defined bancy will remain a	o through the cand. If the frequent the upper or	lefined band at uency lower limit of			
P-28	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0	P-07	0	V			
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0.0	P-09	0.0	Hz			
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage  This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this fe	voltage set in P						
P-29	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the	voltage set in P						
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this fe	voltage set in P						
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this fe Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation	e voltage set in Pature.	-29 is applied to	the motor. Car	e must be			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this fe  Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is	e voltage set in Pature.  N/A  present and late	N/A hed during power	Edge-r	e must be			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this fe  Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  Procedure: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1	e voltage set in Pature.  N/A  present and later  remains closed.	N/A hed during powe	Edge-r	e must be			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  PREPARET: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  PREPARETE: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.	e voltage set in Pature.  N/A  present and late remains closed.  Digital Input 1 is 6	N/A hed during power The Input must be	Edge-r	e must be			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  PRESENT: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  PRESENTE: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if I INDEPENDED TO PRESENTE Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to resumbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the	N/A present and late remains closed. Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second e final attempt, the	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The the drive will trip w	Edge-r er on. Also con	e must be  - figures the apower			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  PREPARET: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  PREPARETE: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if I INDEPARED TO EXCEPTION Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to reserve the start of the properties of	N/A present and late remains closed. Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second e final attempt, the	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The the drive will trip w	Edge-r er on. Also con	e must be  - figures the apower			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  PRESENT: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  PRESENTE: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if I INDEPENDED TO PRESENTE Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to resumbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the	N/A present and late remains closed. Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second e final attempt, the	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The the drive will trip w	Edge-r er on. Also con	e must be  - figures the apower			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  Proced: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  Proceding: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if I are proceding and if the drive fails to start on the require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered.	N/A present and late remains closed. Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second e final attempt, the down to reset to the start at 20 second to the st	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The the drive will trip whe counter.	Edge-r er on. Also con the closed after with a fault, and	e must be  - figures the apower			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  POPERT: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  POPERT: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if Impure 1 on or reset to start the drive.  POPERT: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to resumbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic  Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which include	N/A present and late remains closed. Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second e final attempt, the down to reset the osteroid start at 20 second second to start at 20 second to	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The the drive will trip whe counter.	Edge-r er on. Also con the closed after with a fault, and	e must be  - figures the apower			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  Proced:: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  Proceding: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if I enabled: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to renumbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic  Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which include O: n.C: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is a setting of P-15 in the drive in the procedure of the power o	N/A present and late remains closed. Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second et final attempt, the down to reset to the second on the second et final attempt, the down to reset the second et final attempt, the down to reset the second et final attempt, the down to reset the second et final attempt, the down to reset the second et final attempt, the down to reset the second et final attempt, the second et final attempt at the second et final attempt attempt at the second et final attempt att	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The the drive will trip whe counter.	Edge-r er on. Also con the closed after with a fault, and	e must be  - figures the apower			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  Proced: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  Proceding: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if I multiple in the drive fails to start on the require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic  Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which include 0: n.C: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is 1: n.O: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode active 2: F-N.C: Normally Closed (NC) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode active	N/A  present and late remains closed.  Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second at final attempt, the down to reset the down to reset the copen.  Second of the copen.  Closed.	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The are drive will trip whe counter.  3 5. settings 15, 16	Edge-r er on. Also con the closed after with a fault, and 0	e must be  - figures the apower  will			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  Proced: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  Proceding: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if I multiple in the drive fails to start on the require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic  Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which include 0: n.C: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is a 1: n.O: Normally Open (NO) Input. Fire Mode active if input is a constant of the co	N/A present and late remains closed. Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second e final attempt, the down to reset the down to reset the copen. closed. ve if input is of attempt is of the copen.	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The the drive will trip whe counter.  3 g. settings 15, 16 the pen. Fire Mode	Edge-r er on. Also con the closed after with a fault, and 0 & 17.	e must be  - figures the apower  will - Preset Speed			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  Proced: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  Proced: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if I proceding to Proceding a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to resumbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic  Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which include O: n.C: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is a 1: n.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode active 4 (P-23).  3: F-N.C: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode active Speed 4 (P-23).	N/A present and late remains closed. Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second e final attempt, the down to reset the down to reset the copen. closed. ve if input is of attempt is of the copen.	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The the drive will trip whe counter.  3 g. settings 15, 16 the pen. Fire Mode	Edge-r er on. Also con the closed after with a fault, and 0 & 17.	e must be  - figures the apower  will - Preset Speed			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  PREPART: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  PREPART: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if I PREPART: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to renumbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic  Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which include 0: n.C: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is a 1: n.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode active 4 (P-23).  3: F-N.C: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode active Speed 4 (P-23).  Index 3: Fire Mode Input Type	N/A present and late remains closed. Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second e final attempt, the down to reset the down to reset the closed. Ve if input is of the closed. Ve if input is closed.	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The the drive will trip whe counter.  3 g. settings 15, 16 ppen. Fire Mode osed Fire Mode	Edge-r er on. Also con the closed after tith a fault, and 0 & 17. e Speed is F ode Speed is	e must be  - figures the apower  will - Preset Speed			
	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at which the taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using this feestart Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation  Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart  Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable input is Automatic Restart function.  Proced: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digital Input 1 on or reset to start the drive.  Proced: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatically start if I proceding to Proceding a trip, the drive will make up to 5 attempts to resumbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to start on the require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powered Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic  Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which include O: n.C: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is a 1: n.O: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode active 4 (P-23).  3: F-N.C: Normally Open (NO) Input, Fixed Speed. Fire Mode active Speed 4 (P-23).	Present and later remains closed. Digital Input 1 is of start at 20 second e final attempt, the down to reset the down to reset the closed. Verification of the company of	N/A thed during power The Input must be closed. intervals. The fine drive will trip whe counter.  3 g. settings 15, 16 pen. Fire Mode osed	Edge-r er on. Also con the closed after tith a fault, and 0 & 17. e Speed is F ode Speed is	e must be  - figures the apower  will - Preset Speed			

P-31 Reypad Start Mode Select This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2) or Modous Mode (P-12 = 3 or 4). When settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control terminals 1 and 2 must be linked together. Settings 2, 3, 6 and 7 allow the drive to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keypad Start and Stop keys are ignored.  O: Minimum Speed, Keypad Start 1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start 2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable 3: Previous Speed, Terminal Enable 3: Previous Speed, Reypad Start 5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start 5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 5, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 6, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 7, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 8, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 9, Terminal Start 8: Terminal Terminal Start 8: Terminal Terminal Start 8: Terminal Terminal Start 8: Terminal Terminal Star	Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2) or Modbus Mode (P-12 = 3 or 4). When settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, and control terminals 1 and 2 must be linked together. Settings 2, 3, 6, and 7 allow the down to be started from the control terminals directly, and the keypad Start and Stop keys are ignored.  O: Minimum Speed, Keypad Start 1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start 2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable 3: Previous Speed, Terminal Enable 4: Current Speed, Keypad Start 5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start 6: Current Speed, Terminal Start P-32  DC Injection Configuration  Index 1: Duration  Index 1: Duration  Index 2: DC Injection Mode  Index 3: DC Injection Mode  Index 2: DC Injection Function as follows:  O: Chipection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59. Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:  O: Chipection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE if the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled 1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start. BC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  O: Disabled  1: Enabled Without Software Protection. Brake choppe						- Offices				
1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start 2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable 3: Previous Speed, Keypad Start 5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start 6: Current Speed, Reypad Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Ferminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Ferminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Ferminal Start  P-32  DC Injection Configuration  Index 1: Duration  Index 2: DC Injection Mode  0 2 0 -  Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC injection current level may be adjusted in P-59. Index 2: Configures the DC injection Function as follows: 0: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE: If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled 1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  0 2 0 -  0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning. 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled With Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency sepoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a	. 51	This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active, a	(P-12 = 1 or 2) nd control termin	or Modbus Modenals 1 and 2 mus	e (P-12 = 3 or 4 t be linked toget	her. Settings				
2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable 3: Previous Speed, Terminal Enable 4: Current Speed, Keypad Start 5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start 6: Current Speed, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start 8: DC Injection Configuration 8: Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59. Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows: 9: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency samping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is alterabled prior to disable the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is anabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is alterabled, prior to the output frequency anaping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is alterabled, on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  0 2 0 -  0: Disabled 1: Enabled With enabled, on start up the drive will altempt to determine if the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning. 2: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper without so		0: Minimum Speed, Keypad Start								
Previous Speed, Keypad Start 5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start 6: Current Speed, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start 8: Index 1: Duration		1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start								
Current Speed , Keypad Start 5: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start P-32  DC Injection Configuration  Index 1: Duration  Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59. Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:  0: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled 1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start. Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  0 2 0 -  0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning. 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  0: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor. 2: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency selpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency selpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 2; however the Bra		2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable 3:								
5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start 6: Current Speed 4, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start 8: Det Injection Configures the DC Injection Mode 8: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59. Index 2: Configures the DC Injection of Xing A index 2: Configures the DC Injection is disabled 1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  0 2 0 -  0: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning. 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  0: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled With S		Previous Speed, Terminal Enable 4:								
6: Current Speed, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start 7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start  DC Injection Configuration Index 1: Duration Index 2: DC Injection Mode 0 2 0 - Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59. Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows: 0: Dc Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled 1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting. 2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  O: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning. 2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  O: Disabled 1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor. 2: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency selpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency selpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enable		Current Speed, Keypad Start								
P-32  Problem Speed 4, Terminal Start  P-32  DC Injection Configuration  Index 1: Duration  Index 1: Duration  Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59. Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:  O: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled  1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start. & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  O: Disabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  O: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake		5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start								
P-32  DC Injection Configuration  Index 1: Duration  O.O. 25.0 O.O. s  Index 2: DC Injection Mode  Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59. Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:  O: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled  1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  O: Disabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  O: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency selpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency selpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  Analog Input 1 Scaling, The analog input signal level is multiplied by this fa		6: Current Speed, Terminal Start								
Index 1: Duration  O.O. 25.0 O.O. s  Index 2: DC Injection Mode  O 2 O -  Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59. Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:  O: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled  1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  O 2 0 -  O: Disabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  O: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency set		7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start								
Index 2: Dc Injection Mode  Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59. Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:  O: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled  1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  O: D isabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  O: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled With Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  A: Enabled Without Software	P-32	DC Injection Configuration								
Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the motor. DC Injection current level may be adjusted in P-59.  Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:  0: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled  1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  0: Disabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  0: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled With Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  Analog Input 1 Scaling, The analog input signal level is		Index 1: Duration	0.0	25.0	0.0	S				
Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:  0: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled  1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  0 2 0 -  0: Disabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  0: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled With Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  P-35  Analog Input 1 Scaling, 7 Islawe Speed Scaling  0.0 2000.0 100.0 9%  Analog Input 1 Scaling, 7 Islawe Speed Scaling  1: Slave Speed Scaling, When operating in Slave Mode (		Index 2: DC Injection Mode	0	2	0	-				
O: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 following a stop command, after the output frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled  1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  O: Disabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  O: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling  O: Disabled  Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g., if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt in		Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the mot	or. DC Injection	current level ma	ay be adjusted	in P-59.				
frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.  NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection is disabled  1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC Injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  0: Disabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  0: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling  O.0  2000.0  100.0  Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g., if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode		Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:								
1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the current level set in P-59 for the time set in Index 1 immediately after the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  0: Disabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  0: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling  0.0 2000.0 100.0 %  Analog Input 1 Scaling, The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed			el set in P-59 f	ollowing a stop	command, afte	er the output				
drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage remains active during this phase. This can be used to ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.  2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.  P-33  Spin Start  0 2 0 -  0: Disabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  0: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  P-35  Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling  0.0 2000.0 100.0 %  Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed		NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injection	is disabled							
2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both settings 0 and 1 above.    Spin Start		drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The output stage								
O: Disabled  1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  O: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 9, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling 0.0 2000.0 100.0 %  Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12		·	ngs 0 and 1 al	oove.						
1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already rotating, and will begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  0 4 0 -  0: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  P-35  Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling  0.0  2000.0  100.0  %  Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed	P-33	Spin Start	0	2	0	-				
the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when starting motors which are not turning.  2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is only activated following the events listed, otherwise it is disabled.  P-34  Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)  0		0: Disabled								
Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)						in to control				
O: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  P-35  Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling  0.0  2000.0  100.0  %  Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed			rated following	the events list	ed, otherwise	it is				
O: Disabled  1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  P-35  Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling  0.0  2000.0  100.0  %  Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed	P-34	Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)	0	4	0	-				
1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.  2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  P-35  Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling  0.0  2000.0  100.0  %  Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed										
2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external thermal protection device should be fitted.  3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  P-35  Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling  0.0  2000.0  100.0  %  Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed		1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated								
3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.  P-35  Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling  O.0  2000.0  100.0  %  Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed		2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake of	2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal brake chopper without software protection. An external							
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Analog Input 1 Scaling. The analog input signal level is multiplied by this factor, e.g. if P-16 is set for a 0 – 10V signal, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed		4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the	Brake Chopp	er is only enabl	ed during a cl	nange of the				
scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum frequency / speed (P-01).  Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed	P-35	Analog Input 1 Scaling / Slave Speed Scaling	0.0	2000.0	100.0	%				
Slave Speed Scaling. When operating in Slave Mode (P-12 = 9), the operating speed of the drive will be the Master speed						nal, and the				
			operating spee		` ,	ter speed				

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-36	Serial Communications Configuration		See B	elow					
	Index 1: Address	0	63	1	_				
	Index 2: Baud Rate	9.6	1000	115.2	kbps				
	Index 3: Communication loss protection	0	3000	t 3000	ms				
	This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU	Serial Commun	ications. The Sub	Parameters are	e:				
	1st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 – 63, default: 1.								
	2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the baud rate and communication port.	network type	for the internal	RS485					
	For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps are avail For CAN: Baud rates 125, 250, 500 & 1000 kbps are available.	able.							
	3rd Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for which the drive verto Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been enabled. So 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for operation. A means that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disabled) but vertically disabled.	etting 0 disable: 'ূ' suffix selects	s the Watchdog	timer. Setting a	value of 30,				
P-37	Access Code Definition	0	9999	101	-				
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to access param	neters above P-	14.						
P-38	Parameter Access Lock	0	1	0	-				
	0: Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and changed.								
	1: Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be change	d except P-38.							
P-39	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%				
	Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the input, which operates in conjunction with P-35, and the resultant value can be displ			gnal. This param	neter				
	The resultant value is defined as a percentage, according to the following P00-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) x P-35).	ng:							
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor	0.000	16.000	0.000	-				
	Index 2: Display Scaling Source	0	3	0	-				
	Allows the user to program the Frequency inverter to display an alterna Motor Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operating		scaled from eith	er output freque	ency (Hz),				
	Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source value is n	nultiplied by this	s factor.						
	Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:								
	0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency if P-10 = 0	, or motor RPM	1 if P-10 > 0.						
	1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current value (Am	,	_						
	2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to analog input 2:	•	• •		0.0%.				
D 41	3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selected by P-4								
P-41	PI Controller Proportional Gain	0.0	30.0	1.0	- 				
	PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a greater change in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability.	in the arive out	out frequency in r	esponse to sma	iii changes				
P-42	PI Controller Integral Time	0.0	30.0	1.0	s				
	PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped respon	nse for systems	where the overal	Il process respoi					
P-43	PI Controller Operating Mode	0	3	0	-				
	0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal drops	the motor spe	eed should incre	ease.					
	1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal dro	=							
	2: Direct Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on restar	-	•						
	3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting 0, but on resta	art from Stand	by, PI Output is	s set to 100%.					
	PI Reference (Setnoint) Source Select	0	1	0	-				
P-44									
P-44	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint.								
P-44	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint. <b>0: Digital Preset Setpoint.</b> P-45 is used.	D00 04 :- ··-	d for the cate	- <del>1</del>					
P-44	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint.  0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used.  1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in		=	nt.					
	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint.  0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used.  1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in  2: Fieldbus. The setpoint is determined by fieldbus PDO2 (Modbus RT	U register 3) va	alue.		9/				
P-44 P-45	Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint.  0: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used.  1: Analog Input 1 Setpoint. Analog input 1 signal level, readable in		=	o.o	%				

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units						
P-46	PI Feedback Source Select	0	5	0	-						
	Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller.										
	0: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02.										
	1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in P00-01.										
	2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08.										
	<b>3: DC Bus Voltage</b> Scaled $0 - 1000$ Volts = $0 - 100\%$ .										
	<b>4: Analog 1 – Analog 2</b> The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted from limited to 0.	n Analog 1 to g	jive a differenti	al signal. The v	value is						
	5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog input v	alues is alway	s used for PI f	eedback.							
P-47	Analog Input 2 Signal Format	-	-	-	U0-10						
	22 2222 0 to 10 Volt Signal.										
	200 2002 - 0 to 20mA Signal.										
	2 2222 4 to 20mA Signal, the Frequency inverter will trip and show the f	fault code 2222F	500ms after the	signal level falls	below 3mA.						
	r 2000 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Frequency inverter will run at Preset Speed	d 1 (P-20) if the	signal level falls	below 3mA.							
	2 2222 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Frequency inverter will trip and show the fa	ault code 2222F5	00ms after the	signal level falls	below 3mA.						
	r 2022 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Frequency inverter will run at Preset Speed	d 1 (P-20) if the	signal level falls	below 3mA.							
	2277222 Use for motor thermistor measurement, valid with any setting of P-1	15 that has Input	3 as E-Trip. Trip	level: 1.5kΩ, re	set 1kΩ.						
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	60.0	0.0	s						
	When standby mode is enabled by setting P-48 > 0.0, the drive will enter (P-02) for the time set in P-48. When in Standby Mode, the drive display sh										
P-49	PI Control Wake Up Error Level	0.0	100.0	5.0	%						
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and State define the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedback Mode. This allows the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain	k) required befor	re the drive resta	arts after enterin	g Standby						
P-50	User Output Relay Hysteresis	0.0	100.0	0.0	%						
	Sets the hysteresis level for P-19 to prevent the output relay chattering wh	en close to the t	threshold.								

## **6.3. Advanced Parameters**

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-51	Motor Control Mode	0	5	0	-
	0: Vector speed control mode				
	1: V/f mode				
	2: PM motor vector speed control				
	3: BLDC motor vector speed control				
	4: Synchronous Reluctance motor vector speed control				
	5: LSPM motor vector speed control				
P-52	Motor Parameter Autotune	0	1	0	-
	0: Disabled				
	1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures required or related parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameters.		tor for optimal o	peration. Ensu	ıre all motor
	This parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 =	0.			
	Autotune is not required if P-51 = 1.				
	For settings 2 – 5 of P-51, autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all oth	er required motor	settings are ent	ered.	
P-53	Vector Mode Gain	0.0	200.0	50.0	%
	Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms simulations	ıltaneously. Not a	ctive when P-51	= 1.	
P-54	Maximum Current Limit	0.0	175.0	150.0	%
	Defines the max current limit in vector control modes				
P-55	Motor Stator Resistance	0.00	655.35	-	Ω
	Motor stator resistance in Ohms. Determined by Autotune, adjustment is	s not normally red	juired.		
P-56	Motor Stator d-axis Inductance (Lsd)	0.00	655.35	-	mH
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.				
P-57	Motor Stator q-axis Inductance (Lsq)	0.00	655.35	-	mH
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.				
P-58	DC Injection Speed	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
	Sets the speed at which DC injection current is applied during braking zero speed if desired.	to Stop, allowing	DC to be inject	ted before the	drive reaches
P-59	DC Injection Current	0.0	100.0	20.0	%
	Sets the level of DC injection braking current applied according to the o	conditions set in F	P-32 and P-58.		
P-60	Motor Overload Management	-	-	-	-
	Index 1: Thermal Overload Retention	0	1	0	1
	O: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive calculated motor overload protecting removed from the drive.	tion information i	s retained after	the mains pov	ver is
	Index 2: Thermal Overload Limit Reaction	0	1	0	1
	mack 2. Thermal Overload Limit Reaction		-	U	_

	It.trp. When the overload accumulator reaches     Current Limit Reduction. When the overload     100% of P-08 in order to avoid an lt.trp. The curren	accumulator reaches 90°	% of, the o	utput current lim	it is internally	reduced to aches 10%.
P-61	Ethernet Service Option		0	1	0	-
	0: Disabled	1: Enal	oled			
P-62	Ethernet Service Timeout		0	60	0	mins
	0: Disabled	>0: Time	eout in minu	ites		
P-63	Modbus Mode Selection		0	1	0	-
	0: Standard <sup>1</sup>	1: Adva	anced <sup>2</sup>			

## 6.4. P-00 Read Only Status Parameters

Par.	Description	Explanation
P00-01	1st Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-02	2nd Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-03	Speed reference input (Hz / RPM)	Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise RPM
P00-04	Digital input status	Drive digital input status
P00-05	User PI output (%)	Displays value of the User PI output
P00-06	DC bus ripple (V)	Measured DC bus ripple
P00-07	Applied motor voltage (V)	Value of RMS voltage applied to motor
P00-08	DC bus voltage (V)	Internal DC bus voltage
P00-09	Heatsink temperature (°C)	Temperature of heatsink in °C
P00-10	Run time since date of manuf. (Hours)	Not affected by resetting factory default parameters
P00-11	Run time since last trip (1) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down
P00-12	Run time since last trip (2) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) — not reset by power down / power up cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down
P00-13	Trip Log	Displays most recent 4 trips with time stamp
P00-14	Run time since last enable, HH:MM:SS	Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable
P00-15	DC bus voltage log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-16	Heatsink temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30s sample time
P00-17	Motor current log (A)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-18	DC bus ripple log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 22ms sample time
P00-19	Internal drive temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30 s sample time
P00-20	Internal drive temperature (°C)	Actual internal ambient temperature in °C
P00-21	CAN process data input	Incoming process data (RX PDO1) for CAN: PI1, PI2, PI3, PI4
P00-22	CAN process data output	Outgoing process data (TX PDO1) for CAN: PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4
P00-23	Accumulated time with heatsink > 85°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation above heatsink temp of 85°C
P00-24	Accumulated time with drive internal temp > 80°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation with drive internal ambient above 80°C
P00-25	Estimated rotor speed (Hz)	In vector control modes, estimated rotor speed in Hz
P00-26	kWh meter / MWh meter	Total number of kWh / MWh consumed by the drive
P00-27	Total run time of drive fans (Hours)	Time displayed in hh:mm:ss. First value displays time in hrs, press up to display mm:ss
P00-28	Software version and checksum	Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor, "2" indicates power stage
P00-29	Drive type identifier	Drive rating, drive type and software version codes
P00-30	Drive serial number	Unique drive serial number
P00-31	Motor current Id / Iq	Displays the magnetising current (Id) and torque current (Iq). Press UP to show Iq
P00-32	Actual PWM switching frequency (kHz)	Actual switching frequency used by drive
P00-33	Critical fault counter – O-I	These parameters log the number of times specific faults or errors occur, and are
P00-34	Critical fault counter – O-Volts	useful for diagnostic purposes
P00-35	Critical fault counter – U-Volts	
P00-36	Critical fault counter – O-temp (h/sink)	
P00-37	Critical fault counter – b O-I (chopper)	
P00-38	Critical fault counter – O-hEAt (control)	
P00-39	Modbus comms error counter	
P00-40	CANbus comms error counter	
P00-41	I/O processor comms errors	
P00-42	Power stage uC comms errors	
P00-43	Drive power up time (life time) (Hours)	Total lifetime of drive with power applied
P00-44	Phase U current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-45	Phase V current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-46	Phase W current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-47	Index 1: Fire mode total active time Index 2: Fire Mode Activation Count	Total activation time of Fire Mode Displays the number of times Fire Mode has been activated
P00-48	Scope channel 1 & 2	Displays signals for first scope channels 1 & 2
P00-49	Scope channel 3 & 4	Displays signals for first scope channels 3 & 4
P00-50	Bootloader and motor control	Internal value

# 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

#### 7.1. Overview

Frequency inverter E3 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

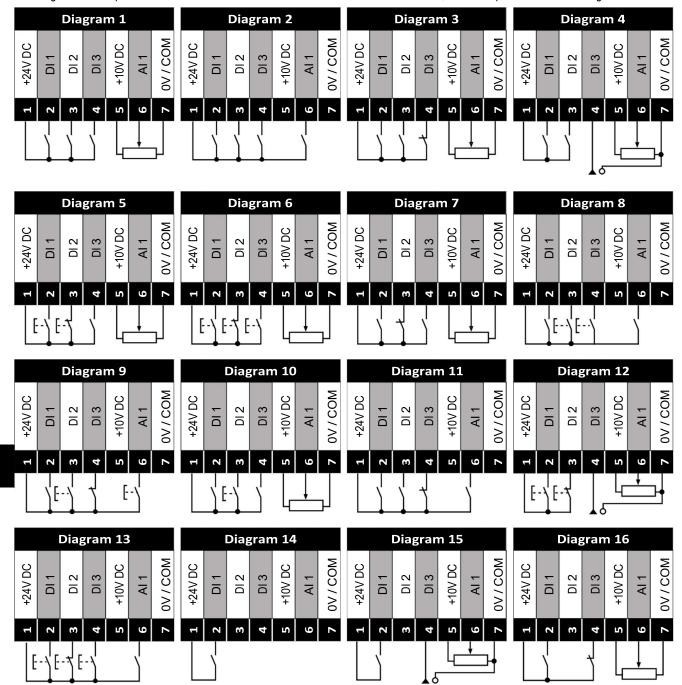
- P-12 Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.
- P-I5 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- P-16 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P-30 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P-31 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.
- P-47 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.

## 7.2. Example Connection Diagrams

The diagrams below provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.



6

## 7.3. Macro Functions Guide Key

The table below should be used as a key on the following pages.

Function	Explanation
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained
<b>FWD</b> ひ	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation FORWARD
<b>REV</b> び	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE
RUN FWD	Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP
RUN REV	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input.
	In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed.
	In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.
START_Î	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
STOP↓	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive
START1FWD <sup>™</sup>	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
START I REVU	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained)
^-FAST STOP (P-24)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24
FAST STOP ↓ (P-24)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing @@@ri@or @@@@ri@or @@@@@depending on P-47 setting
Fire Mode	Activates Fire Mode
Analog Input AI1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P-16
Analog Input AI2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P-47
AI1 REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference
P-xx REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed
PR-REF	Preset speeds P-20 - P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status
PI-REF	PI Control Speed Reference
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P-12 setting)
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function
INC SPD.	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to increase the motor speed by value in P-20
DEC SPD☐	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to decrease the motor speed by value in P-20

## 7.4. Macro Functions – Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)

P-15		DI1		12		/ AI2		DI4 / A		Diagran
	0	1	0	1	0	1	(		1	
0	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	Al1 REF	P-20 REF		nalog Inpi		1
1	STOP	RUN	Al1 REF	PR-REF	P-20	P-21		nalog Inpi		1
2	STOP	RUN	DI2	DI3	1	PR	P-20 -	P-23	P-01	2
			0	0		20	-			
			1	0		21	-			
			0	1		22	-			
			1	1		23				_
3	STOP	RUN	Al1	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK		nalog Inpi		3
1	STOP	RUN	Al1	Al2		nput Al2		nalog Inp		4
5	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV &	Al1	P-20 REF	A	nalog Inpi	ut Al1	1
			ST STOP (P-24	,						
5	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK		nalog Inp		3
7	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV び	E-TRIP	OK	A	nalog Inp	ut Al1	3
			ST STOP (P-24							
3	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV	DI3	DI4		PR		2
					0	0		P-20		
					1	0		P-21		
					0	1		P-22		
					1	1		P-23		
•	STOP	START FWD ひ	STOP	START REV	DI3	DI4		PR		2
		^FA	ST STOP (P-24	l)^	0	0		P-20		
					1	0		P-21		
					0	1		P-22		
					1	1		P-23		
10	(NO)	START _1	STOP	(NC)	Al1 REF	P-20 REF	A	nalog Inp	ut Al1	5
11	(NO)	START 1 FWD O	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START 1 REV U	A	nalog Inp	ut Al1	6
		٨	FAS	ST STOP (P-24	4)	^				
12	STOP	RUN	FAST STOP (P-24)	OK	Al1 REF	P-20 REF	A	nalog Inp	ut Al1	7
13	(NO)	START FWD	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START REV	KPD	REF	P-20 REF	13
		U A	 FAS	T CTOD (D 2	1)	^	<u> </u> 			
 L <b>4</b>	STOP	RUN		112	E-TRIP	OK	DI2	DI4	PR	11
L4	3106	KON	L	12	E-INF	OK	0	0	P-20	11
							1	0	P-21	
							0	1	P-22	
							1	<u>'</u> 1	P-23	
L <b>5</b>	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	Al1	Fire N	∐ Mode		nalog Inpi		1
L6	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF		Mode	FV		REV	2
. <del></del>	STOP	RUN		121112		Mode	DI2	DI4	PR	2
	5.51	1.014					0	0	P-20	_
							1	0	P-21	-
							0	1	P-22	
							1	1	P-23	
L8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び	Fire M	Mode		nalog Inp	1	1
19	STOP	RUN	Al1 REF	PR1 REF	No Function			Al1	u./u:	1
	UIUI	INDIN		I IN I INLI	TINO I ULICUOLI	i iic Mode	1	ALI.		1 1

 $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ 

## 7.5. Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)

		DI1	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4	/ Al1	Diagram
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD J	-	DEC SPD 7	FWD ひ	REV び	8
				۸	^^				
1	STOP	ENABLE			PI Speed	Reference			2
2	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 1	-	DEC SPD 1	KPD REF	P-20 REF	8
				۸	START	^			
3	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD J	E-TRIP	OK	ı	DEC SPD 1	9
				^	^^				
4	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD J	KPD REF	Al1 REF	А	J1	10
5	STOP	ENABLE	FWD ひ	REV び	KPD REF	Al1 REF	А	J1	1
6	STOP	ENABLE	FWD ひ	REV び	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
7	STOP	RUN FWD	STOP	RUN REV び	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
		^FAS	ST STOP (P-24)	)^					
8	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV び	KPD REF	Al1 REF	А	J1	1
14	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD J	E-TRIP	OK	-	DEC SPD 1	
15	STOP	ENABLE	PR REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2
16	STOP	ENABLE	P-23 REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	FWD ひ	REV び	2
17	STOP	ENABLE	KPD REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	FWD ひ	REV び	2
18	STOP	ENABLE	Al1 REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	A	J1	1
19	STOP	RUN	KPD REF	PR1 REF	No Function	Fire Mode	А	J1	1
			9, 10,	11, 12, 13 =	Behavior as <sub>l</sub>	per setting 0			

When P15=4 in keypad mode, DI2 &DI4 are edge triggered. Digital pot speed will be increased or decreased once for each rising edge. The step of each speed change is defined by the absolute value of Pre-set Speed 1 (P-20).

NOTE Speed change only happens during normal running condition (no stop command etc.). Digital pot will be adjusted between minimum speed (P-02) and maximum speed (P-01).

When P-15 = 19, P-30 Index 2 and Index 3 have no effect. When the fire mode input is on, the drive will run regardless of whether the run input is present. Speed reference in Fire Mode is always Preset Speed 4, P-23.

## 7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)

		DI1	D	DI2		/ AI2	DI4	/ Al1	Diagram	
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1		
0	STOP	ENABLE	FB RE	FB REF (Fieldbus Speed Reference, Modbus RTU / CAN / Master-Slave defined by P-12)						
1	STOP	ENABLE		PI Speed Reference						
3	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	3	
5	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	PR REF	P-20	P-21	Analog Input Al1		1	
		^START (P-12 = 3 or 4 Only) ^								
6	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	Al1 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	3	
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4 (	Only)^						
7	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	KPD REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	3	
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4 (	Only)^						
14	STOP	ENABLE	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	Analog I	nput Al1	16	
15	STOP	ENABLE	PR REF	FB REF	Fire I	Mode	P-23	P-21	2	
16	STOP	ENABLE	P-23 REF	FB REF	Fire I	Mode	Analog I	nput Al1	1	
17	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-23 REF	Fire I	Mode	Analog I	nput Al1	1	
18	STOP	ENABLE	Al1 REF	FB REF	Fire I	Mode	Analog I	nput Al1	1	
			2, 4, 8, 9, 10	), 11, 12, 13,	19 = Behavio	or as per setti	ng 0			

## 7.7. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)

4 4	1	0		DI3 / AI2		DI2			
		U	1	0	1	0	1	0	P-15
4	Al1	Al	N2	Α	P-20 REF	PI REF	RUN	STOP	0
1	Al1	Al	PI FB)	Al2 (	Al1 REF	PI REF	RUN	STOP	1
3	(PI FB)	Al1 (F	OK	E-TRIP	P-20	PI REF	RUN	STOP	3, 7
12	Al1	Al	PI FB)	Al2 (	STOP	(NC)	START	(NO)	4
5	(PI FB)	Al1 (F	P-20 REF	PI REF	STOP	(NC)	START	(NO)	5
	(PI FB)	Al1 (F	OK	E-TRIP	STOP	(NC)	START	(NO)	6
4	Al1	Al	PI FB)	Al2 (	REV び	FWD ひ	RUN	STOP	8
1	Al1	Al	PR1 REF	PI REF	REV び	FWD ひ	RUN	STOP	9
16	(PI FB)	Al1 (F	OK	E-TRIP	-	-	RUN	STOP	14
1	(PI FB)	Al1 (F	Mode	Fire <b>I</b>	PI REF	P-23 REF	RUN	STOP	15
1	(PI FB)	Al1 (F	Mode	Fire <b>I</b>	P-21 REF	P-23 REF	RUN	STOP	16
3	Al1	Al	-	E-TRIP	REV び	FWD ひ	RUN	STOP	17
1	(PI FB)	Al1 (F	Mode	Fire I	PI REF	Al1 REF	RUN	STOP	18
	(PI FB) (PI FB) AI1 AI1 (PI FB) (PI FB) (PI FB) (PI FB) AI1	Al1 (F Al1 (F Al Al1 (F Al1 (F Al1 (F	P-20 REF OK PI FB) PR1 REF OK Mode Mode	PI REF E-TRIP AI2 ( PI REF E-TRIP Fire I E-TRIP	STOP STOP REV O REV O - PI REF P-21 REF REV O	(NC) (NC) FWD © FWD © - P-23 REF P-23 REF FWD ©	START START RUN RUN RUN RUN RUN RUN RUN RUN	(NO) (NO) STOP STOP STOP STOP STOP STOP	5 6 8 9 14 15 16

2, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 19 = Behavior as per setting 0

NOTE

P1 Setpoint source is selected by P-44 (default is fixed value in P-45, AI 1 may also be selected).

P1 Feedback source is selected by P-46 (default is AI 2, other options may be selected).

#### 7.8. Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation. The Fire Mode input may be a normally open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P-30 Index 2. In addition, the input may be momentary or maintained type, selected by P-30 Index 3.

This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within that building.

The fire mode function is enabled when P-15 = 15, 16 or 17, with Digital Input 3 assigned to activate fire mode.

Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive:

200 (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), 2001 (Drive Under Temperature), 2001-L2 (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), 2001-12 (External Trip), 2001-12 (Communications Loss Trip), 2001-12 (Accumulated overload Trip).

The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart:

22V212(Over Voltage on DC Bus), 222V212(Under Voltage on DC Bus), 2222(Fast Over-current Trip), 2222(Instantaneous ecurrent on drive output), 2222F(Drive output fault, Output stage trip).

## 8. Modbus RTU Communications

#### 8.1. Introduction

The Frequency inverter E3 can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RJ45 connector on the front of the drive.

## 8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

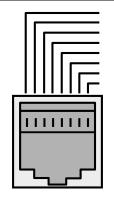
Modbus RTU
CRC
9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default)
1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity
RS 485 (2-wire)
RJ45
03 Read Multiple Holding Registers
06 Write Single Holding Register  16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only)

## 8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your Cairox Drives Sales Partner. Local contacts can be found by visiting our website:

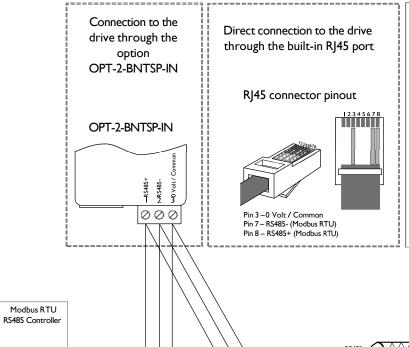
www.cairox.com

When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12=3,4,7,8 or 9) on page 30.



C)
C)
odbus RTU)
lodbus RTU)

**Warning:** This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.



#### **NOTES**

- Use 3 or 4 Conductor Twisted Pair Cable
- RS485+ and RS485- must be twisted pair
- Ensure the network taps for the drive are kept as short as possible
- Using Option OPT-2-BNTSP-IN is preferred
- Terminate the network cable shield at the controller only. Do not terminate at the drive!
- O Volt common must be connected across all devices and to reference 0 Volt terminal at the controller
- Do not connect the 0V Common of the network to power ground

**NOTE** For Master devices which use zero based addressing and therefore treat the first Register address as Register 0, it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detailed below by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address.

## 8.4. Modbus Register Map

Register			Supported Function Code			Function		
Number	Par.	Туре	03	06	oaes 16	Low Byte High Byte	Range	Explanation
1	-	R/W	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	√	PDO0 Control Word	03	16 Bit Word.  Bit 0: Low = Stop, High = Run Enable  Bit 1: Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-04),
2	-	R/W	✓	✓	✓	PDO1 Frequency Setpoint	05000	Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
3	-	R/W	✓	✓	✓	PI Setpoint/ Analog Output Control	04096	0 - 4096 = 0 - 100.0%
4	-	R/W	✓	✓	✓	PDO3	060000	Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds
6	•	R	✓			Drive status Error code		Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 11.1. Fault Code Messages High Byte = Drive Status as follows: 0: Drive Running 1: Drive Tripped 5: Standby Mode 6: Drive Ready
7		R	✓			Output Motor Frequency	020000	Output frequency in Hz x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
8		R	✓			Output Motor Current	0480	Output Motor Current in Amps x10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps
11	-	R	<b>√</b>			Digital input status	015	Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1
20	P00-01	R	✓			Analog Input 1 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%
21	P00-02	R	✓			Analog Input 2 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x10, e.g. 1000 = 100%
22	P00-03	R	✓			Speed Reference Value	01000	Displays the setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
23	P00-08	R	✓			DC bus voltage	01000	DC Bus Voltage in Volts
24	P00-09	R	✓			Drive temperature	0100	Drive heatsink temperature in °C
2001	-	R	✓			Status Word 2		See below
2002	-	R	✓			Motor Output Speed		Speed in Hz with one decimal place
2003	-	R	✓			Motor Output Current		Current in A with one decimal place
2004	-	R	✓			Motor Output Power		Power in kW with one decimal place
2005	-	R	✓			IO Status Word		See below
2006	-	R	✓			Motor Output Torque		0.0% to +/- 200.0%
2007	P00-08	R	✓			DC Bus Voltage		0 – 1000V
2008	P00-09	R	✓			Heatsink Temperature		Temperature in °C
2009	P00-01	R	✓			Analog Input 1		0 ~ 4096 (12bits)
2010	P00-02	R	✓			Analog Input 2		0 ~ 4096 (12bits)
2011	-	R	✓			Analog Output		0.0 to 100.0%
2012	P00-05	R	✓			PI Output		0.0 to 100.0%
2013	P00-20	R	✓			Internal Temperature		Temperature in °C
2014	P00-07	R	✓			Motor Output Voltage		0 – 500V
2015	-	R	✓			IP66 Pot Input value		0 ~ 4096 (12bits)
2016	-	R	✓			Trip Code		See user guide for code definition

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-04 to P-60 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details please contact your Cairox Drives Sales Partner.

#### 0

## 8.4.1. Drive status and error code Word PDI0

Bit	Function When "0"	Function When "1"		
15				
14				
13				
12		the associated code		
11	is shown i	n this byte		
10				
9				
8				
7				
6	Not Ready	Drive Ready		
5				
4				
3				
2	-	Drive In Standby Mode		
1	Drive OK	Drive Tripped		
0	Drive Stopped	Drive Running		

Bit 6: Drive Ready to Run is defined as:

- Not tripped.
- Hardware enable signal present (DI1 ON).
- No mains loss condition.

## 8.4.2. Register 2001 definition – New Status Word

Bit	Definition	Description		
0	Ready	This bit is set if no trip and no mains loss, plus hardware enabled		
1	Running	This bit is set when drive is running		
2	Tripped	This bit is set when drive is under trip condition		
3	Standby	This bit is set when drive is in standby mode		
4	Fire Mode	This bit is set if fire mode is active		
5	Reserved	Read as 0		
6	Speed Set-point Reached (At Speed)	This bit is set when drive is enabled and reaches speed set point		
7	Below Minimum Speed	This bit is set when drive is enabled and speed less than P-02		
8	Overload	This bit is set if motor current > P-08		
9	Mains Loss	This bit is set if mains loss condition happens		
10	Heatsink > 85°C	This bit is set if drive heatsink temperature over 85°C		
11	Control Board > 80°C	This bit is set if control PCB temperature over 80°C		
12	Switching Frequency Reduction	This bit is set if PWM switching frequency foldback is active		
13	Reverse Rotation	This bit is set when motor is in reverse rotation (negative speed)		
14	Reserved	Read as 0		
15	Live Toggle Bit	This bit will toggle each time this register is read		

## 8.4.2. Register 2005 definition – IO Status Word

Bit	Definition	Description		
0	DI1 Status	This bit is set when digital input 1 is closed		
1	DI2 Status	This bit is set when digital input 2 is closed		
2	DI3 Status	This bit is set when digital input 3 (Al-2) is closed		
3	DI4 Status	This bit is set when digital input 4 (Al-1) is closed		
4, 5	Reserved	Read as 0		
6	IP66 Switch FWD	This bit is set when IP66 FWD switch is closed		
7	IP66 Switch REV	This bit is set when IP66 REV switch is closed		
8	Digital Output Status	This bit is set when digital output is active(24V) or Analog output > 0		
9	Relay Output Status	This bit is set when user relay is closed		
10, 11	Reserved	Read as 0		
12	Analog Input 1 Signal Lost (4-20mA)	This bit is set when analog input 1 signal loss happens (420mA)		
13	Analog Input 2 signal Lost (4-20mA)	This bit is set when analog input 2 signal loss happens (420mA)		
14	Reserved	Read as 0		
15	IP66 Pot Input > 50%	This bit is set when IP66 integrated pot input value > 50%		

# 9. Technical Data

#### 9.1. Environmental

Operational ambient temperature range Open Drives : -10 ... 50°C (frost and condensation free)

Storage ambient temperature range : -40 ... 60°C

Maximum altitude : 2000m. Derate above 1000m: 1% / 100m

Maximum humidity : 95%, non-condensing

Environmental Conditions : IP20 Frequency inverter E3 products are designed to operate in

3S2/3C2 environments in accordance with IEC 60721-3-3.

NOTE For UL compliance: the average ambient temperature over a 24 hour period for 200-240V, 2.2kW and 3HP, IP20 drives is 45°C.

## 9.2. Rating Tables

Frame Size	kW	HP	Input Current	Fuse / MCB (Type B)		Maximum Cable Size		Output Current	Recommended Brake Resistance
				Non UL	UL	mm²	AWG	Α	Ω
110 - 115 (-	10 - 115 (+ / - 10%) V 1 Phase Input, 230V 3 Phase Output (Voltage Doubler)								
1	0.37	0.5	7.8	10	10	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	15.8	25	20	8	8	4.3	-
2	1.1	1.5	21.9	32	30	8	8	5.8	100
200 - 240 (	+ / - 10%	6) V 1 Pł	nase Input,	3 Phase Out	put				
1	0.37	0.5	3.7	10	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	7.5	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	50
3	4	5	29.2	40	40	8	8	15.3	25
200 - 240 (	+/-10%	6) V 3 Pł	nase Input, 3	3 Phase Out	put				
1	0.37	0.5	3.4	6	6	8	8	2.3	-
1	0.75	1	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.3	-
1	1.5	2	9.5	16	15	8	8	7	-
2	1.5	2	8.9	16	15	8	8	7	100
2	2.2	3	12.1	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	50
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	25
3	5.5	7.5	26.4	40	35	8	8	24	20
4	7.5	10	33.3	40	45	16	5	30	15
4	11	15	50.1	63	70	16	5	46	10
5	15	20	54.6	80	70	25	2	61	10
5	18.5	25	64.8	80	80	25	2	72	10
380 - 480 (	+ / - 10%	6)V 3 Ph	ase Input, 3	Phase Out	out				
1	0.37	0.5	1.7	6	6	8	8	1.2	-
1	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	-
1	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	-
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	250
2	2.2	3	7.5	16	10	8	8	5.8	200
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	120
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100
3	7.5	10	21.2	32	30	8	8	18	80
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	50
4	15	20	34.2	40	45	16	5	30	30
4	18.5	25	44.1	50	60	16	5	39	22
4	22	30	51.9	63	70	16	5	46	22
5	30	40	56.3	80	70	25	2	61	15
5	37	50	67.6	100	90	25	2	72	12

**NOTE** Cable sizes shown are the maximum possible that may be connected to the drive. Cables should be selected according to local wiring codes or regulations at the point of installation.

## 9.3. Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives

All drive models intended for operation from three phase mains power supply (e.g. model codes ODE-3-xxxxxx-3xxx) may be operated from a single phase supply at up to 50% of maximum rated output current capacity.

In this case, the AC power supply should be connected to L1 (L) and L2 (N) power connection terminals only.

## 9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance

Frequency inverter E3 is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power St	upply Requirements						
Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum.						
	380 – 480 Volts for 400	Volt rated units, + / - 10	% variation allowed, Ma	ximum 500 Volts RMS.			
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage v	ariation between phase -	- phase voltages allowed				
	For input supplies which	All Frequency inverter E3 units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub-continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) Cairox Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors.					
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Va	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation					
Short Circuit	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current			
Capacity				5kA RMS (AC)	100kA RMS (AC)		
	115V	0.37 (0.5)	1.1 (1.5)	J-Type fuses	J-Type fuses		
	230V	0.37 (0.5)	11 (15)	J-Type fuses	J-Type fuses		
	230V	15 (20)	18.5 (25)	J-Type fuses	Semiconductor fuse (FWP-100 Bussmann)		
	400 / 460V	0.37 (0.5)	22 (30)	J-Type fuses	J-Type fuses		
	400 / 460V	30 (40)	37 (50)	J-Type fuses	Semiconductor fuse (FWP-100 Bussmann)		
	All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the above specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage when protected by fuses as shown above.						

### **Mechanical Installation Requirements**

All Frequency inverter E3 units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 9.1. Environmental.

The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 9.1. Environmental.

Frame size 4 drives must be mounted in an enclosure in a manner that ensures the drive is protected from 12.7mm (1/2 inch) of deformation of the enclosure if the enclosure impacted.

#### **Electrical Installation Requirements**

Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.3. Incoming Power Connection.

Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 9.2. Rating Tables and the National Electrical Code or other applicable local codes.

Motor Cable 75°C copper stranded or similar (90°C for enclosed Nema 4X type drives).

Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in sections 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units.

Integral Solid Sate short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the national electrical code and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 9.2. Rating Tables.

Transient surge suppression must be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 480Volt (phase to ground), 480 Volt (phase to phase), suitable for over voltage category iii and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4kV.

UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

#### **General Requirements**

Frequency inverter E3 provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- → Where a motor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P-60 Index 1 = 1.
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.8.2. Motor Thermistor Connection.

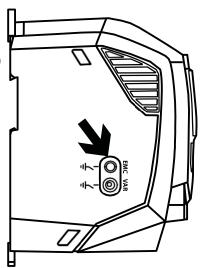
## 9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect

Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth). For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected (on IP20 units only) by completely removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.

### Remove the screw as indicated right.

The Frequency inverter product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

When carrying out a HiPot (Flash) test on an installation in which the drive is built, the voltage surge suppression components may cause the test to fail. To accommodate this type of system HiPot test, the voltage surge suppression components can be disconnected by removing the VAR screw After completing the HiPot test, the screw should be replaced and the HiPot test repeated. The test should then fail, indicating that the voltage surge suppression components are once again in circuit.



# 10. Troubleshooting

## 10.1. Fault Code Messages

Fault Code	No.	Description	Suggested Remedy				
???F ?	00	No Fault	Not required.				
?????	01	Brake channel over current	Check external brake resistor condition and connection wiring.				
?L???r	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor.				
???	03	Output Over Current	Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor.  NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.				
2.222r2	04	Motor Thermal Overload (I2t)	The drive has tripped after delivering >100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor.				
??V? ?	06	Over voltage on DC bus	Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-04 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34.				
???V?\?	07	Under voltage on DC bus	The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is removed from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage and all components in the power feed line to the drive.				
???	08	Heatsink over temperature	The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification. Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive.				
????	09	Under temperature	The drive temperature is below the minimum limit and must be increased to operate the drive.				
????F	10	Factory Default parameters loaded					
???ri?	11	External trip	E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened for some reason. If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.				
2C33333	12	Optibus comms loss	Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address.				
FL????	13	DC bus ripple too high	Check incoming supply phases are all present and balanced.				
??[???	14	Input phase loss trip	Check incoming power supply phases are present and balanced.				
????	15	Output Over Current	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable.  NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.				
???FI?	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink					
22022222F	17	Internal memory fault (IO)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.				
???? F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	Check the analog input connection(s).				
222222222	19	Internal memory fault (DSP)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.				
F????	21	Motor PTC thermistor trip	Connected motor thermistor over temperature, check wiring connections and motor.				
F?????F	22	Cooling Fan Fault (IP66 only)	Check / replace the cooling fan.				
2222222	23	Drive internal temperature too high	Drive ambient temperature too high, check adequate cooling air is provided.				
?????F	26	Output Fault	Indicates a fault on the output of the drive, such as one phase missing, motor phase currents not balanced. Check the motor and connections.				
2222F222	41	Autotune Fault	The motor parameters measured through the autotune are not correct.				
			Check the motor cable and connections for continuity.				
		<b>M</b> III	Check all three phases of the motor are present and balanced.				
?C?F??	50	Modbus comms loss fault	Check the incoming Modbus RTU connection cable.  Check that at least one register is being polled cyclically within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.				
2C2F22	51	CAN comms loss trip	Check the incoming CAN connection cable.  Check that cyclic communications take place within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.				

**NOTE** Following an over current or overload trip (3, 4, 15), the drive may not be reset until the reset time delay has elapsed to prevent damage to the drive.

# 11. Energy Efficiency Classification

Ecodesign Directive and for specific product efficiency classification and part load loss data in accordance with IEC 61800-9-2:2017.

FIS-C-IN\_V1.03

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